

Challenger Limited

Board Charter

Challenger Limited ACN 106 842 371

1. Introduction

- 1.1 Challenger Limited ACN 106 842 371 (Company) is a listed public company.
- 1.2 The Board is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company and is also ultimately responsible for oversight of the sound and prudent management of the Company and its related bodies corporate (Group) as defined in the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (Corporations Act).
- 1.3 The purpose of this charter is to:
 - (a) promote high standards of corporate governance;
 - (b) clarify the role and responsibilities of the Board; and
 - (c) enable the Board to provide strategic guidance for the Group and effective management oversight.
- 1.4 This charter is supported by the charters for various Board Committees, including the Group Risk Committee, Group Audit Committee, Group People and Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee.
- 1.5 To the extent that other Group companies operate in a regulated environment, and are required by law to have regard to the interests of stakeholders, other than the Company's shareholders, then this charter will be read subject to those requirements and subject to the board charters of such companies.
- 1.6 This board charter will apply subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements, including, without limitation, duties and obligations imposed on the directors by statute and general law.
- 1.7 The Board may review and amend this charter at any time.
- 1.8 The Board acknowledges that:
 - (a) the Group includes a number of regulated entities subject to specific statutory duties and responsibilities including, in the case of registered life insurers, duties in relation to the investment, administration and management of the assets of statutory funds to give priority to the interests of policyowners and prospective policyowners; and
 - (b) the Board will give due consideration to the interests of all relevant stakeholders, including shareholders, policyowners, holders of financial products, customers and employees.
- 1.9 For the purposes of this Charter, the term "ensure" has the meaning given to that term in Australian Prudential Standard LPS 001 Definitions (as amended or replaced from time to time). At the current time, "ensure" is defined to mean "to take all reasonable steps and make all reasonable enquiries as are appropriate for a board so that the board can determine, to the best of its knowledge, that the stated matter has been properly addressed".

2. Board size, composition and independence

- 2.1 There must be a minimum of 5 directors and a maximum of 12 directors.
- 2.2 The Board must have a majority of independent directors.
- 2.3 A majority of directors must be ordinarily resident in Australia.
- 2.4 The Board must comprise:
 - (a) directors with an appropriate range of skills, experience, expertise and diversity;
 - (b) directors who can understand and competently deal with current and emerging business issues; and
 - (c) directors who can effectively review and challenge the performance of management and exercise independent judgment.



- 2.5 An independent director is a non-executive director who is independent of management and free of any interest, position, or relationship that might influence, or reasonably be perceived to influence, in a material respect their capacity to bring an independent judgement to bear on issues before the Board and to act in the best interests of the Company as a whole (rather than in the interests of an individual security holder or other party). Circumstances in which a director might not be considered independent include if the director:
 - (a) is, or has been, employed in an executive capacity by the Company or any other entity within the Group and there has not been a period of at least 3 years between ceasing such employment and serving on the Board;
 - (b) receives performance-based remuneration (including options or performance rights) from, or participates in an employee incentive scheme of the Company;
 - (c) is, or has been within the last 3 years, in a material business relationship (e.g. as a supplier, professional advisor, consultant or customer) with the Company or any other entity within the Group, or is an officer of, or otherwise associated with, someone with such a relationship;
 - (d) is, represents, or is or has been within the last three years an officer or employee of, or professional adviser to, a substantial shareholder (as defined in the Corporations Act) of the Company;
 - (e) has close personal ties with any person who falls within any of the categories described above; or
 - (f) has been a director of the Company for such a period that their independence from management and substantial holders may have been compromised.
- 2.6 If the Board is in doubt as to a director's independence, the Board may refer the matter to the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) for guidance.
- 2.7 Each independent director's independence must be reviewed at least annually.
- 2.8 A majority of directors present and eligible to vote at all Board meetings must be non-executive directors.
- 2.9 If the Board has a director who is an associate of a shareholder, the Board composition must be consistent with the Company's shareholding determined as follows:
 - (a) where shareholding constitutes not more than 15% of the Company's voting shares not more than 1 Board member who is an associate of the shareholder where the Board has up to 6 directors and not more than 2 Board members who are associates of the shareholder where the Board has 7 or more directors; or
 - (b) where an individual shareholder is greater than 15%, as approved under the Financial Sector (Shareholdings) Act 1998 (Cth), the Board representation can be greater than allowed under paragraph 2.8(a) above, although it must be broadly proportionate to the shareholding concerned.
- 2.10 A person cannot be appointed a director of the Company if:
 - (a) the person was a member of an audit firm or a director of an audit company and served in a professional capacity in the audit of the Company until at least 2 years has passed since they acted in that capacity;
 - (b) the person was an employee of an audit company, other than a director of the audit company and acted as the 'lead auditor' or 'review auditor' in the audit of the Company until at least 2 years has passed since they acted in that capacity; or
 - (c) the person was, or is, a director of the audit company or a member of the audit firm that was, or is, responsible for the audit of the Company and there is already another person employed as a director or senior manager of the Company who was a director of the audit company or a member of the audit firm, at a time when the audit company or audit firm undertook an audit of the Company at any time during the previous two years.



3. The Board's role and responsibilities

- 3.1 The Board acts on behalf of shareholders and is accountable to shareholders for the overall direction, management and corporate governance of the Company. The Board has authorised the Chief Executive Officer to make decisions concerning the Group (see paragraph 4) but has expressly reserved certain matters requiring a decision of the Board.
- 3.2 The matters reserved to the Board are:
 - (a) approving the appointment and removal of the:
 - (i) Chairperson;
 - (ii) Chief Executive Officer;
 - (iii) Company Secretary;
 - (iv) General Counsel;
 - (v) Chief Financial Officer; and
 - (vi) Chief Risk Officer;
 - (b) ensuring that:
 - (i) collectively, the Board and senior management have the full range of skills and diversity needed for the effective and prudent operation of the Company;
 - (ii) senior management with responsibilities relating to the business in Australia are ordinarily resident in Australia; and
 - (iii) directors and senior management are available to meet with APRA on request;
 - (c) approving any policy to satisfy Prudential Standard CPS 520 'Fit and Proper';
 - (d) approving applications by the Chief Executive Officer for permission to accept board/committee appointments outside the Group;
 - (e) assessing the Group's performance;
 - (f) establishing committees of the Board and in relation to each committee to:
 - (i) appoint members and the Chairperson; and
 - (ii) set the Committee's charter;
 - (g) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, and subject to the law and the Company's constitution, determining the remuneration of the non-executive directors (including the members of all Board Committees);
 - (h) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, approving payment of retirement benefits to directors;
 - nominating candidates for election to the Board by the shareholders and ensuring material information in the Company's possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director is provided to shareholders;
 - (j) approving or ratifying any appointment of a direct report to the Chief Executive Officer, organisational changes and senior management remuneration policies and practices;
 - (k) approving succession plans for the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Executive Officer's direct reports;
 - (I) approving key performance indicators for the Group and the Chief Executive Officer;
 - (m) satisfying itself that an appropriate reporting framework exists for relevant information to be reported by management to the Board;

Strategic issues

- (n) defining the Company's purpose, vision and values;
- (o) reporting to shareholders on delivery of the Board approved strategy;
- (p) providing leadership and strategic advice to management;
- (q) approving the Group's strategic plan, including the definition of the business and its boundaries and overseeing management's implementation of the Group's strategic objectives and its performance generally;
- (r) approving a business plan on an annual basis and any updates of that plan;
- (s) approving material strategic investment or business acquisitions and divestments where the value of the transaction exceeds A\$25 million. The approval of the



Chairperson and the Chief Executive Officer are required for any transaction with a value exceeding A\$10 million;

(t) monitoring implementation of strategy, and ensuring appropriate resources (including in relation to internal audit) are available;

Company's Securities

- (u) recommending to shareholders any increase or decrease in the share capital of the Company;
- (v) issuing, allotting, granting options over, offering or otherwise dealing with or disposing of unissued shares in the capital of the Company or rights to subscribe for or convert any security into shares in the capital of the Company in accordance with the Company's constitution;
- (w) making calls in respect of any money unpaid on shares and forfeiting or accepting surrender of shares in accordance with the Company's constitution;
- (x) approving the transfer, or transmission, of shares in accordance with the Company's constitution, provided that such power may be delegated to a share registry;
- (y) approving the financial markets on which the Company's and the Group's securities will be listed;
- (z) approving any notifications to the relevant exchanges for securities listing, suspensions, delisting or relisting;
- (aa) to fix the amount of a dividend to be recommended to shareholders, and to declare, or determine, and make arrangements for the payment of dividends in accordance with the Company's constitution;
- (bb) approving the establishment, amendment, suspension, resumption or cessation of a dividend re-investment scheme;

Financial Items

- (cc) approving a capital management strategy for the Group which includes approving the Company's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process;
- (dd) approving material Group funding facilities;
- (ee) approving, by the end of June of each year, an operating and capital budget for the Group, for the financial year ahead, consistent with the Group business plan;
- (ff) approving the giving of guarantees, indemnities and letters of comfort by any entity in the Group in favour of any third party who is not a member of the Group where the amount of the relevant loan or other liability of another Group entity, related business entities or third parties exceeds A\$20 million;
- (gg) approving any security, mortgage or other pledge given over any of the Group's assets or revenues exceeding \$20 million;
- (hh) approving the Group's annual and half year financial statements and reports to shareholders;
- (ii) authorising charitable contributions by the Group above \$1 million pa (subject to the Board policy that the Group does not make donations to any political parties);
- (jj) reporting as appropriate that the business is a going concern, with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary;
- (kk) on advice from the Group Audit Committee, approving the Group's accounting policies;

Capital and general expenditure items

(II) approving all budgeted capital or general expenditure exceeding A\$20 million per item;



- (mm) approving all unbudgeted capital or general expenditure exceeding A\$5 million per item;
- (nn) approving divestments of capital assets of the Group (other than financial assets) exceeding A\$5 million per asset;

Professional appointments/advice

- (oo) on advice from the Group Audit Committee, approving the appointment and removal of external auditors of the Group;
- (pp) considering and, if appropriate, accepting external audit reports including management letters;
- (qq) reviewing any recommendation from the Group Audit or Risk Committees arising from internal audit reports;
- (rr) ensuring that the external auditor can raise matters directly with the Board;

Risk management

- (ss) approving the Company's risk management framework and is responsible for the oversight of its operation by management;
- (tt) on advice from the Group Risk Committee, ensuring it sets the risk appetite within which it expects management to operate and approving the Company's risk appetite statement and risk management strategy;
- (uu) ensuring it forms a view of the risk culture in the Company, and the extent to which that culture supports the ability of the Company to operate consistently within its risk appetite, identifying any desirable changes to the risk culture and ensuring the Company takes steps to address those changes;
- (vv) ensuring senior management monitor and manage all material risks consistent with the strategic objectives, risk appetite statement and policies approved by the Board and recognising the uncertainties, limitations and assumptions attached to the measurement of each material risk;
- (ww) reviewing reports and appraisals from the Group Risk or Audit Committee on market and operational controls;
- (xx) encourage a culture of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly;
- (yy) approving and overseeing the implementation of the Group's corporate code of conduct;
- (zz) ensuring policies and processes for the Company are implemented to manage risk, regulatory and organisational principles and controls which are consistent with the risk management strategy and the established risk appetite;
- (aaa) monitoring and ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and ethical standards and policies and ensuring the structure of the Company facilitates effective risk management;
- (bbb) overseeing the Group, including its material risks, control, accountability, corporate reporting and accounting systems and approving the Group Recovery and Exit Plan;
- (ccc) if required, making an annual declaration to the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) on risk management in accordance with regulatory requirements;

Remuneration

- (ddd) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, approving the Group's remuneration policy and all other material human resources policies that are aligned with the entity's purpose, values, strategic objectives and risk appetite;
- (eee) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, approving the annual bonus pool for employees and approving material increases in aggregate remuneration levels across the Group;
- (fff) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, determining the remuneration and incentive arrangements for the Chief Executive Officer, direct reports of the Chief Executive Officer and other persons whose activities may, in the Group



People and Remuneration Committee's opinion, affect the financial soundness of the Company;

- (ggg) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, approving remuneration arrangements and material variations thereto of the categories of persons (other than persons covered by paragraph 3.2(fff)) covered by the Remuneration Policy;
- (hhh) on advice from the Group People and Remuneration Committee, approving any severance or redundancy policy and any severance or redundancy payment exceeding A\$5 million;

Public affairs/stakeholder relations

- (iii) convening meetings of shareholders (including the annual general meeting) and to exercise all other powers relating to shareholders' meetings given to directors in the Company's constitution;
- (jjj) approving all resolutions being put and matters concerned with a notice of general meeting or annual general meeting;
- (kkk) approving the Group's Continuous Disclosure Policy and monitoring compliance with that policy;

General

- (III) approving the establishment of overseas branch registers of the Group;
- (mmm) approving any related party transactions in accordance with the Related Party Transaction Policy and any transaction that any of the Board or senior management would directly benefit from;
- (nnn) approving any material conflict of interest that the Group, or a Group executive, may have prior to relevant transactions being entered into; and
- (000) commencing and settling claims where the value of the claim exceeds A\$10 million, other than claims involving a fund or statutory fund which shall be the responsibility of the relevant board.
- 3.3 The Directors may delegate any of the above powers to individual Directors, committees of the Board or executives except where this is not permitted by law, regulation or the Company's constitution. Any such delegation shall be in compliance with the law and the Company's constitution.

4. The Board and management

- 4.1 The Board has determined that the Chief Executive Officer is authorised to make all decisions in relation to the Group, except for the matters set out in section 3 above (which are expressly reserved to the Board for its collective decision), and those matters reserved for the Board through Board Committee Charters. This authorisation is subject to the law and board charters for regulated entities within the Group (see sections 1.5 and 1.6 above).
- 4.2 The Chief Executive Officer manages the Group in accordance with the strategy and business plan approved by the Board.
- 4.3 In exercising their authority, the Chief Executive Officer is obliged to periodically consult with and report to the Board significant matters. Specifically, this includes:
 - (a) reporting to and consulting with the Board, or the relevant Board committee, prior to approving any material project or other material decision which in the opinion of the Chief Executive Officer:
 - (i) amounts to a major initiative;
 - (ii) is a significant policy change or a significant departure from the Group's strategic plan approved by the Board; or
 - (iii) is likely to be of significant public interest;



- (b) periodically reporting (or procuring such reporting) to the Board, or to the relevant Board committee, on all material matters affecting the Group and significant decisions made in exercise of the Chief Executive Officer's authority, including but not limited to:
 - (i) all material risk exposures including compliance issues;
 - (ii) material litigation or potential litigation involving the Group;
 - (iii) charitable contributions by the Group over A\$250,000; and
 - (iv) appointments and resignations of staff who report directly to the Chief Executive Officer (other than direct reports who are not members of the Group Leadership Team); and
- (c) bringing to the Board as soon as it is available:
 - (i) any material or relevant correspondence from APRA and other regulators or ratings agencies (e.g. ASIC, ASX, S&P); and
 - (ii) any material potential financial or regulatory impact which is considered more likely than not to arise.
- 4.4 The Board must:
 - (a) monitor the Chief Executive Officer's exercise of delegated authority; and
 - (b) assess the Chief Executive Officer's responsibilities and performance at least annually.

5. Board Committees

- 5.1 The Board has established the following committees to assist it in carrying out its responsibilities, to share detailed work and to consider certain issues and functions in detail:
 - (a) Group Risk Committee;
 - (b) Group Audit Committee;
 - (c) Group People and Remuneration Committee; and
 - (d) Nomination Committee.
- 5.2 The charter of each Group Committee setting out matters relevant to the composition, responsibilities and administration of the committee must be approved by the Board.
- 5.3 The Board must:
 - (a) monitor each Committee's exercise of delegated authority; and
 - (b) review the responsibilities, composition and performance of each Committee at least annually.

6. Chairperson of the board

- 6.1 The Chairperson of the Board:
 - (a) is appointed by the directors;
 - (b) must be an independent director; and
 - (c) may not be the same person as the Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Executive Officer may not become the Chairperson of the Board for a period of at least 3 years from cessation of their role as the Chief Executive Officer. However, where the position of Chief Executive Officer is unexpectedly vacated, the Chairperson may serve as an interim Chief Executive Officer. After a period of 90 days, approval must be sought from APRA to allow this arrangement to continue.
- 6.2 The responsibilities of the Chairperson of the Board include:
 - (a) providing leadership to the Board;
 - (b) promoting the efficient organisation and conduct of the Board's functions;
 - (c) promoting constructive and respectful relations between directors and between the Board and management;
 - (d) overseeing the Company Secretary's role in supporting the proper functioning of the Board;
 - (e) monitoring the performance of the Board;
 - (f) facilitating Board discussions to ensure core issues facing the Group are addressed;



- (g) briefing director(s) absent from a Board meeting in relation to business discussed at that Board meeting;
- (h) facilitating the effective contribution and ongoing development of all directors; and
- (i) chairing general meetings.
- 6.3 The Chairperson must be available to meet with APRA on request.

7. Directors

- 7.1 Directors are expected to attend and participate in Board meetings and meetings of committees on which they serve.
- 7.2 Directors are expected to spend the time needed, and meet as often as necessary, to properly discharge their responsibilities.
- 7.3 Directors are expected to review meeting materials before Board meetings and committee meetings.
- 7.4 Directors are encouraged to ask questions of, request information from, raise any issue of concern, and hold to account, management. Directors are encouraged, where possible, to ask any questions and raise issues of concern before a meeting so that management is prepared to address them.
- 7.5 Directors must exercise independent judgment when making decisions.
- 7.6 Publicly, directors are expected to support the letter and spirit of Board decisions.
- 7.7 Directors must keep Board information, discussions, deliberations, and decisions that are not publicly known, confidential.
- 7.8 Directors are expected to comply with their legal duties when discharging their responsibilities as directors. Broadly, these duties are:
 - (a) to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company;
 - (b) to act with the degree of care and diligence that a reasonable person would exercise if they were in the same position as the director;
 - (c) to act for proper purposes;
 - (d) to appropriately manage or avoid a conflict of interest or duty;
 - (e) to refrain from making improper use of information gained through the position of director or taking improper advantage of the position of director; and
 - (f) to prevent insolvent trading by the Company.
- 7.9 Directors must be available to meet with APRA on request.

8. Conflicts

- 8.1 Directors are expected to be sensitive to conflicts of interest or duty that may arise and mindful of their fiduciary obligations.
- 8.2 Directors must:
 - (a) disclose to the Board any actual or perceived conflict of interest or duty that might reasonably be thought to exist as soon as the situation arises;
 - (b) take necessary and reasonable action to resolve or avoid any actual or potential conflict of interest or duty; and
 - (c) comply with the Corporations Act, other applicable laws or rules and the Company's constitution in relation to disclosing material personal interests and restrictions on voting.
- 8.3 When a conflict is disclosed, a director will be precluded from voting on the matter and may additionally be asked to be absent from discussions on the matter.
- 8.4 Directors are expected to inform the Chairperson of the Board of any proposed appointment to a board, committee or an executive role with another organisation as soon as practicable.

9. Access to information and independent advice by directors

9.1 Directors have access to any information they consider necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and to exercise independent judgment when making decisions.



- 9.2 Directors have free and unfettered access to:
 - (a) management and any other relevant internal party to seek explanations and information, including the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Risk Officer, the General Counsel and the Company Secretary; and
 - (b) auditors, both internal and external, to seek explanations and information from them without management being present.
- 9.3 Directors may seek any independent professional advice they consider necessary to fulfil their responsibilities and to exercise independent judgment when making decisions in accordance with the procedure agreed by the directors.
- 9.4 If the Chairperson of the Board consents, the Company will pay a director's costs of seeking independent professional advice. That consent may not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

10. Board Renewal

- 10.1 This paragraph 10 is subject to the Company's constitution.
- 10.2 At the end of every annual general meeting, one-third of the directors (to the nearest whole number) must retire and may stand for re-election.
- 10.3 A director must retire at the end of the third annual general meeting after the director's appointment even if it means that more than one-third of directors retire at an annual general meeting.
- 10.4 Those directors who have been longest in office since their last appointment must retire by rotation. Directors appointed on the same day may agree among themselves or determine by lot who must retire.
- 10.5 The Chief Executive Officer or a director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board are not subject to retirement by rotation and are not taken into account when determining how many directors must retire by rotation. A director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board must retire at the next annual general meeting after their appointment.
- 10.6 In having regard to its composition, the Board will give consideration to whether directors have served on the Board for a period which could, or could reasonably be perceived to, materially interfere with their ability to act in the best interests of the Company.
- 10.7 The Nomination Committee is established to assist the Board achieve its objective to ensure the Company has a Board of an appropriate, size and composition, and that collectively has the skills, commitment and knowledge of the Company to adequately discharge effectively its responsibilities and duties.

11. Ethical Standards

11.1 The directors and other employees are expected to act lawfully, in a professional manner and with the utmost integrity and objectivity in their dealings with clients, contractors and competitors, the community and each other, striving at all times to enhance the reputation and performance of the Group.

12. Communication of information

- 12.1 The Board will aim to give shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Group and its corporate goals.
- 12.2 The Board must adopt a communications strategy to facilitate and promote effective communication with shareholders and encourage participation at general meetings.

13. Review of Board performance

13.1 The performance of the Board and the directors will be reviewed at least annually. The Company shall disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance review was



undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with the Company's performance review procedure.

- 13.2 This review will consider:
 - (a) the Board's role;
 - (b) the processes of the Board and Board Committees;
 - (c) the Board's performance; and
 - (d) each director's performance.

14. Approved and adopted

This charter was originally approved by the Board on 29 January 2004 and most recently updated on 6 June 2024.

